

## CHEMISTRY DAILY PLAN

**Class:**

**Date:**

**Subject:** *Isomerism*

**Time:**

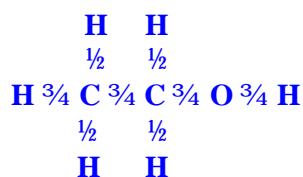
The existence of several different compounds that have the same molecular formula is called **isomerism**.

Molecules that have the same kinds and numbers of atoms but different arrangements are called **isomers**.

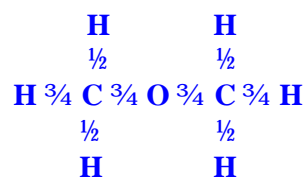
Compounds having the same molecular formula but differing in structural formula are called **structural isomers**.

Isomers have different physical and chemical properties.

Consider the molecular formula  $C_2H_6O$ . Two very different substances have been found with the formula  $C_2H_6O$ . One is ethyl alcohol, which is a colorless liquid at room temperature. It boils at  $78.5^\circ C$ . The other one is dimethyl ether, a gas at room temperature and boils at  $-23.6^\circ C$ . For the molecular formula  $C_2H_6O$ , two and only two structural formulas are possible that satisfy the valence requirements, of 4 for carbon, 2 for oxygen and 1 for hydrogen. They are



**Ethyl Alcohol**



**Dimethyl Ether**

### Drawing Structural Formulas

**Problem:** Draw structural formulas for all possible isomers of  $C_4H_{10}$ .

**Problem:** Draw structural formulas for all possible isomers of  $C_5H_{12}$ .

(  $Bp_{n\text{-pentane}} (10^\circ C) > Bp_{\text{isopentane}} (28^\circ C) > Bp_{\text{neopentane}} (10^\circ C)$  )

**Homework:** Draw structural formulas for all possible isomers of  $C_6H_{14}$  and  $C_7H_{16}$ . (There are five)